

# Legal & General Home Finance

Payment Term Lifetime Mortgage

New Lending Standards

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## 1. Introduction

The New Lending Standards apply to new customers and existing customers who are applying for a new Payment Term Lifetime Mortgage (PTLM) with Legal & General Home Finance (LGHF).

The LGHF Lending Principles are;

- Financially strong borrowers:
  - Borrowers with the ability to repay, as determined by the LGHF PTLM affordability model, for the duration of the payment term.
  - Borrowers with the willingness to repay evidenced via their credit score, past behaviours and Loan to Value (LTV).
- Security – residential property which will be the borrower’s main residence is suitable for immediate occupation, is readily marketable and on which LGHF can obtain a first legal charge.

## 2. Lending Source

Code	Policy
NL0201	LGHF accepts new lending residential applications on a fully advised basis via the following sources: Intermediary (must be authorised by the FCA).
Code	Standards
N/A	There are some differences for existing mortgage customers – refer to section 15.

## 3. Lending Purpose

Code	Policy
NL0301	LGHF offers Payment Term Lifetime Mortgages for the following purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• House purchase.</li> <li>• Re- mortgage.</li> </ul>
NL0302	Customers must own 100% share of the property.
Code	Standards
NL0303	Lending must be for the customers main residence.
NL0304	The maximum number of borrowers per application is 2. Both must be registered at Land Registry following completion.
NL0305	Re-Mortgages <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• At application, at least one customer must have owned and lived in the property for at least 6 months.</li> <li>• Where additional funds are being raised this is acceptable unless it is for business purposes.</li> </ul> Acceptable deposit types
NL0306	Customer’s own sources/savings and not borrowed.
NL0307	Gifted from an immediate family member only.
NL0308	Builders offer incentives to purchasers in the form of allowances; cash backs and deposit paid schemes. These are acceptable subject to:
NL0309	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For Houses &amp; Bungalows: full details of any incentives must be declared. The value of those incentives, whether paid at completion or in the form of e.g., cashback, will be deducted from the lower of the purchase price or valuation before the LTV is applied.</li> </ul>

NL0310	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For flats and maisonettes: full details of any incentives must be declared. The value of those incentives, whether paid at completion or in the form of e.g., cashback, will be deducted from the lower of the purchase price or valuation before the LTV is applied.</li> </ul>
NL0311	<p>Concessionary purchases are acceptable subject to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Purchasing from immediate family member.</li> <li>Solicitor confirmation of the purchase price and details of the vendor.</li> <li>The LTV is calculated using the valuation amount, not the discounted purchase price.</li> <li>The loan amount not exceeding the discounted purchase price.</li> </ul>

#### 4. Repayment Types

Code	Policy
NL0401	Payment Term Lifetime Mortgages are offered on an Interest Only (IO) basis for an initial payment term, after which the mortgage interest rolls-up as with standard Lifetime mortgages (unless voluntarily serviced).
Code	Standards
NL0402	Repayment strategy for Payment Term Lifetime Mortgages is Sale of Mortgaged Property at the end of the mortgage contract.

#### 5. Lending Limits

Code	Policy
NL0501	Maximum Loan to Value (LTV) is set at a maximum of 75% LTV.
NL0502	Mortgage term will be determined by the mortality tables within the lending system, for PTLM, the repayment term will be determined by the employment type and full retirement plans of the customer up to age 75.
NL0503	<p>All eligible borrowers can have a payment term up to state retirement age. Anyone with a profession in the following list cannot borrow beyond state retirement age: firefighters, police officers, paramedics, bricklayers/masons, plasterers, armed forces, prison wardens, construction labourers, roofers and commercial drivers. This list is not definitive and underwriter judgement may be used.</p> <p>Borrowers with the following types of occupations who have been in the same employment for 12 months or over, are able to be considered for payment terms longer than state retirement age: solicitors, accountants, clerical workers, administration support workers, customer services, retail, managerial roles and professionals. This list is not definitive and underwriter judgement may be used.</p>
Code	Standards
NL0504	<p>Maximum LTV's:</p> <p>Loan to Value is calculated on the lower of the purchase price or property valuation, and the LTV calculation excludes fees which can be added to the loan.</p> <p>The LTV calculation is automated within the system and the maximum LTV for each application is calculated on the individual characteristics of the loan including the property and age(s) of the borrower(s).</p>
NL0505	<p>Minimum Term:</p> <p>Term will be determined by the mortality tables built into the lending system, however borrowers under the age of 55 must have a minimum payment term that takes them until age 55.</p>
NL0506	<p>Minimum Loan:</p> <p>£10,000.</p>

NL0507	<p>PTLM repayment period:</p> <p>The repayment term will be determined by the expected full retirement age of the customer in conjunction with an internal assessment as to the feasibility of that retirement age against their profession. The maximum age at the end of the payment term is 75 years old.</p> <p>For joint applications the repayment period will be based on the earliest retirement date for each applicant where their working income is used in the affordability assessment, and/or the oldest applicant reaching the age of 75.</p>
NL0508	<p>Maximum Loan to income (LTI):</p> <p>No maximum loan to income rules apply for this product.</p> <p>All the above 'rules' are subject to product availability.</p> <p>Minimum Property Value:</p>
NL0509	£70,000 for houses and bungalows.
NL0510	£100,000 for flats, maisonettes, ex-Local Authority/Ex-MOD/Ex-Housing Authority properties.
NL0511	<p>Maximum Property Value:</p> <p>£7,000,000 subject to internal approval.</p>
NL0512	Retirement Villages are not allowed.

## 6. Borrower Types

Code	Policy
NL0601	Will only lend to individuals.
NL0602	Minimum age 50.
Code	Standards
NL0603	Maximum age – The maximum age at completion is 74 (75 next birthday). The mortgage must complete by the oldest customers' 74th birthday because the payment term must end no later than one month after the oldest applicant's 75th birthday.
NL0604	Lending to a customer who is retired or enters retirement during the term of the mortgage is permitted subject to affordability. For PTLM LGHF defines retirement as 75 or declared age whichever is earlier. However, the payment term cannot extend beyond the last employed borrower's full retirement age.
NL0605	Foreign nationals must confirm whether they have indefinite leave to remain or right to reside.
NL0606	Lending is not permitted to customers with diplomatic immunity from UK law.
NL0607	All applicants must have been resident in the UK for at least 6 months.

NL0608

Power of Attorney: applications made under an Enduring or Lasting Power of Attorney for Property and Financial Affairs may be acceptable for PTLM applications subject to the following requirements:

- The Power of Attorney documents needs to be submitted to LGHF for prior approval together with Photo ID and proof of residence for each attorney. We will not accept an attorney signing on behalf of any borrower unless the borrower has a physical or mental incapacity.
- Where a borrower is physically incapacitated i.e., they cannot sign the document themselves, they can have an attorney appointed under an enduring or lasting power to sign on their behalf provided that both the borrower and attorney are advised by the financial adviser and solicitor.
- Please note that if an Enduring Power of Attorney has been formally registered with the Office of Public Guardian any physical incapacity has been overtaken by mental incapacity.
- Where a borrower is mentally incapacitated the enduring or lasting power of attorney must be requested with the office of the Public Guardian. In addition, we should confirm that the purpose of the equity release is for the welfare and benefit of the borrower.
- “General” Powers of Attorney and “Health and Welfare” Powers of Attorney are not acceptable.
- A borrower cannot act in signing the mortgage deed as both Proprietor and Attorney as this is not acceptable to the Land Registry.
- Where a borrower is mentally incapacitated and has not validly appointed an Attorney, it may be possible to proceed by way of having a Deputy appointed by the Court of Protection. The Order appointing the Deputy should also specifically mention the PTLM mortgage and the Deputy appointed must not be a registered proprietor / spouse.

The Applicant: Power of Attorney – Joint Owner scenarios

Land Registry will reject applications where the joint owner is represented by a Deputy unless:

- A new trustee is appointed in place of the customer, or
- There is a specific Court Order in favour of the acting Deputy permitting the Deputy to deal with the beneficial interest of the incapacitated owner.

A newly appointed third-party trustee would not tend to be a suitable solution for a PTLM mortgage as the trustee would not have the same obligations or relationship with the incapacitated borrower that a Deputy has. The implication is that for joint owner situations, the Deputy must always be specifically authorised to agree to the PTLM mortgage.

A Court Order supplementing the existing Property and Financial Affairs Court Order would be required.

The Applicant: Power of Attorney – Scotland

In Scotland, there are 3 types of Power of Attorney.

- Continuing Power of Attorney.
- Welfare Power of Attorney (Not appropriate for Equity Release).
- Combined Power of Attorney.

A Continuing Power of Attorney must be registered at Office of the Public Guardian (Scotland). Guardianship Orders are made by the Sheriff appointing an individual to make decisions and act for an incapable person on an on-going basis. This is usually for 3 years or more. A Guardianship Order is applicable where there is no Power of Attorney in place and you need sheriff court approval to obtain one.

## 7. Customer Verification

Code	Policy
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As below

Code	Standards
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n/a	There are some differences for existing mortgage customers – refer to section 15.
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NL0701	All new applications must comply with the requirements of the Money Laundering Regulations Act.
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NL0702	Proof of name and current address required for all new customers, to meet Anti Money Laundering regulation and requirements.
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NL0703	<b>Who can Certify a Document</b>	<b>How to Certify a Document</b>
	<p>Your document must be certified by a professional person or someone well respected in your community (“of good standing”). You could ask the following if they offer this service:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bank or Building Society official.</li> <li>• Post Office official.</li> <li>• Councillor.</li> <li>• Minister of Religion.</li> <li>• Dentist.</li> <li>• Chartered Accountant.</li> <li>• Solicitor or Notary.</li> <li>• Teacher or Lecturer.</li> </ul> <p><b>The person you ask should not be:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Related to you.</li> <li>• Living at the same address.</li> <li>• In a relationship with you.</li> </ul>	<p>Take the photocopied document and the original and ask the person to certify the copy by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Writing ‘Certified to be a true copy of the original seen by me’ on the document.</li> <li>• Writing ‘True likeness to the individual’ on the document.</li> <li>• Signing and dating it.</li> <li>• Printing their name under the signature.</li> <li>• Adding their occupation, address, and telephone number.</li> </ul>
NL0704	Customers who are not UK Nationals must provide evidence that they have either indefinite leave or right to reside, via a passport (showing stamp) or confirmation from the Home Office.	
NL0705	If ID is required and if the customer is unable to provide in their current name as they have recently changed their name, either due to choice or marriage, ID must be obtained in the previous name, along with a copy of change of name via deed poll or the marriage certificate.	

## 8. Credit Score

Code	Policy
NL0801	Every application must pass LGHF’s minimum credit score. <b>The minimum score cut-off is coded within the system and any application falling below this threshold will be automatically declined.</b>

## 9. Credit Search

Code	Policy
NL0901	A credit search must be conducted on every applicant.
NL0902	The last 3 years’ address history must be obtained for all applicants and a credit search conducted on all addresses.

  

Code	Standards
NL0903	All Customers must reside in the UK at the time of the application.
NL0904	The last 3 years’ residency of a customer must be verified, credit searched and be sufficient to ensure an appropriate understanding of residency and credit history.

NL0905	<p>Acceptable financial history: Applications meeting the below acceptable adverse credit criteria should be referred to establish the reason for the past financial problems.</p> <p>Missed payments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unsecured loans (within the last 12 months), maximum 1 missed payment</li> <li>• Mortgage, secured loan and or tenancy; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– No missed payments in the last 12 months.</li> <li>– No more than 1 missed payment in the last 24 months.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• CCJ's; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Maximum 2.</li> <li>– Registered over 36 months ago.</li> <li>– Satisfied within 6 months of registration.</li> <li>– Total amount cannot exceed £500.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Defaults; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Maximum 1 (registered within the last 36 months).</li> <li>– Total amount cannot exceed £150.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Bankruptcy/Sequestration; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Discharged for a minimum of 72 months.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Individual Voluntary Arrangements (IVA) / Trust Deeds / Debt Management Plan; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Satisfied for a minimum of 72 months.</li> <li>– No further adverse credit since it was satisfied.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Re-Possessions; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Where a customer has had a re-possession, this must be declined</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
NL0906	If customer has evidence of ever having a Payday Loan or Home Credit Loan, then they will be declined.
NL0907	Applicants who are over-indebted will not be allowed.

## 10. Affordability

Code	Policy
NL1001	Every application must pass LGHF's affordability assessment.

### 10.1 Allowable Income

Code	Standards
NL1002	Only sustainable income can be used in the affordability calculation.
NL1003	<p>Income from Permanent Employment</p> <p>Customers need to have been in the same employment type of at least 12 months.</p> <p>100% of the following "guaranteed income" can be used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic salary.</li> <li>• Allowances (eg. large town/car/shift).</li> <li>• Any increase in pay where it is due to be paid within 3 months.</li> <li>• 100% of second job income subject to; this amount being sustainable and the occupation being referred to underwriting for review as to the feasibility of the role for the payment term.</li> </ul> <p>50% of the following "variable income" can be used, subject to; the amount being used not exceeding the basic salary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bonus and overtime.</li> <li>• Commission.</li> </ul> <p>Zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</p>



NLI004	<p>Income from Self Employment / LTD Company Director</p> <p>Note: if the affordability assessment is carried out on the self-employed income only then the case must be referred to an underwriter to check for the suitability and sustainability of employment.</p> <p>Acceptable subject to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minimum trading period of 2 years or:</li> <li>• Cases where the borrower has been trading for 12-24 months may be considered subject to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The applicant is self-employed in one of the following professions: solicitor, barrister, accountant, actuary, vet, dentist, chartered surveyor, architect, chartered engineer, lawyer, teacher, medical doctor, nurse, optometrist, management consultant.</li> <li>• Can provide 1 year's accounts and an accountant's projection for the 2nd year's income.</li> <li>• Was employed in the same profession as the self-employment for a minimum of 5 years prior to becoming self-employed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• The earnings are viably sustainable for the contractual payment period, considering past performance and future reasonability.</li> </ul> <p>Acceptable income types:</p> <p>Sole Traders / Partners – the average of the customer's share of the net profit for the last 2 trading years or the latest years share, whichever is the lower.</p> <p>Company Directors – the customer's basic salary (remuneration) from the latest year, the customer's average dividend for the last 2 trading years or the latest years dividend, whichever is the lower and the cost of any pension contributions being made, up to 10% of income.</p>
NLI005	<p>Income from Self Employed Medical Professionals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GP's in partnership can be accepted and 100% of their current income used (with a minimum 2-year track record of earnings).</li> <li>• Medically related second income – 100% can be accepted for income purposes. This income is specifically private practice income earned on a self-employed basis by consultants, which is in addition to the NHS salary received.</li> <li>• Public sector contracts – 6 monthly rotational contracts for junior doctors are acceptable.</li> <li>• 6 monthly medical research contracts are not acceptable.</li> </ul>
NLI006	<p>Income from Fixed Term Contracting</p> <p>100% of contract income can be used, subject to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• At least 12 months of the current contract remaining, or</li> <li>• Current contract minimum 12months duration and a 2-year track record of income from contract work.</li> </ul> <p>Where a customer is employed through an umbrella company this is acceptable subject to; a 2-year track record of earnings being confirmed, and details of the forthcoming year must be obtained from the umbrella company.</p> <p>Zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</p>
NLI007	<p>Contract workers, zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</p>
NLI008	<p>Income from Pension</p> <p>Pension already in receipt</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 100% of current employment/occupation pension income being received (Defined Benefit/ Lifetime Annuity).</li> <li>• 3.5% of pension pot for flexi-access income drawdown pension.</li> <li>• 100% of state pension currently being received.</li> </ul> <p>If the pension is fixed for life, e.g., fixed term annuity, then a 5% haircut is applied for payment terms between 1–5 years, 10% for payment terms between 6–10 years, 15% for payment terms between 11–15 years and 20% for payment terms longer than 15 years.</p>

NLI009	<p>Income from other sources</p> <p>Maintenance Income</p> <p>Where a customer is receiving maintenance payments, this income can be used within affordability assessment however the following must apply;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This income can be used at 100%.</li> <li>• The customer is in receipt of other income to support the lending.</li> <li>• The maintenance must have a period remaining aligned to the payment term.</li> </ul> <p>Benefit Income</p> <p>The following types of income can be used at 100%;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retirement pension.</li> <li>• War widows' pension.</li> <li>• War disablement pension.</li> </ul>
NLI010	<p>Income from Investments</p> <p>Income from Investment Products</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Investment Income is acceptable where there is a 2-year track record of earnings.</li> <li>• The nature of the investment will need to be reviewed to determine whether the income is sustainable.</li> <li>• LGHF will not accept any form of speculative investment as an income source for any reason.</li> <li>• Income from investments is limited to 50% of the total income.</li> </ul> <p>Predictable Investment Income</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interest income from corporate bonds and dividend income from stocks are two good examples of predictable investment income.</li> </ul> <p>Guaranteed Income</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safe investments like certificates of deposit, treasury securities, and fixed annuities are the primary sources of guaranteed investment income.</li> </ul>
NLI011	<p>Affordability Assessment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We will accept 100% of guaranteed investment income for use within the affordability assessment.</li> <li>• We will accept 50% of predictable investment income for use within the affordability assessment.</li> </ul>
NLI012	<p>Acceptable Investment Products</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sustainable surplus income generated from a property portfolio.</li> <li>• Dividend income from a portfolio of shares/investment trust where already retired.</li> <li>• Dividend income from ownership of a share in a business.</li> <li>• Savings Income (Gilts, corporate bonds, permanent interest-bearing shares, unit trusts).</li> <li>• Life Insurance Investment – With-Profit and Investment bonds.</li> </ul>

## 10.2 Committed Expenditure

Code	Standards
NLI013	<p>In addition to the basic essential and basic quality of living costs for the customers household (which are included by the Affordability Model) all current and future committed expenditure that will continue after the mortgage completes must be included within the affordability calculation.</p>

NLI014	<p>The following debts should be taken as a deduction:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The monthly costs of all debts which will remain in place on completion of the mortgage are included as a deduction within affordability.</li> <li>• If it can be evidenced that a debt is due to be fully repaid within 6 months of the application date, this can be excluded from affordability calculations.</li> <li>• Any credit cards to remain in place on completion of the mortgage are included as a deduction with 3% of the total credit balance being taken.</li> <li>• Monthly costs of any childcare / school fees.</li> <li>• Monthly costs Student Loans.</li> <li>• Monthly costs of any Mortgage payments that do not meet the self-financing rules or are not going to be let out.</li> <li>• Monthly costs of any property charges – ground rent / service charge.</li> <li>• Monthly costs of any regular maintenance payments.</li> <li>• Monthly costs of any other significant outgoings.</li> <li>• Monthly costs of Council Tax.</li> </ul>
NLI015	<p><b>Background Properties</b></p> <p>Where a customer has a property in the background or a property which is going to be let any regular running costs declared by the customer, including mortgage payments are to be factored into affordability.</p>
NLI016	<p><b>Buy to Lets</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Where the property is currently let the mortgage can be classed as self-financing if the rental income exceeds the mortgage payment by at least 150%.</li> <li>• If the rental amount does not cover 150% and there is a shortfall amount (i.e. the difference between the rental payment and 150% of the mortgage payment) this must be included as a deduction within affordability.</li> </ul>
NLI017	<p>On all background properties, where a mortgage is in place evidence of the mortgage payment amount, and the payment being maintained must be evidenced for the last 12 months.</p>
NLI018	<p>Debt consolidation is permitted up to a maximum of £30k.</p> <p>The loans not taken into affordability are to be repaid upon completion by Konexo.</p>

### 10.3 Affordability Calculation

Code	Standards
	In addition to the standards in 10.2 the following must be included when calculating affordability;
NLI019	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The correct household composition.</li> </ul>
NLI020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated on the product interest rate (fixed for more than 5 years – MCOB 11.6.18 (1)).</li> </ul>
NLI021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standard Tax and National Insurance contributions.</li> </ul>
NLI022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated on an interest only basis.</li> </ul>
NLI023	<p><b>Over 17's</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any adult (over 17) who will reside in the property and is financially dependent on the applicant(s) must be included within the affordability calculation.</li> </ul>

## 11. Income and Expenditure Verification

### 11.1 Income Verification

Code	Policy
NLI101	<p>All income being used in the assessment of affordability must be independently verified.</p> <p>Only income already in receipt and where it is feasible to assume customers will continue to receive that income throughout their payment term can be considered for the affordability assessment.</p>
Code	Standards
NLI102	<p>Any income received from foreign currency (non-UK sterling) / asset is not acceptable and cannot be used within the affordability assessment.</p>
NLI103	<p><b>Bank Statement Principles</b></p> <p>Bank statements are required to validate the accuracy and authenticity of the income used in the affordability assessment. In addition, they are required to assess the applicant(s) ability to demonstrate financial sustainability (i.e. account conduct) and ensure that necessary outgoings have been appropriately factored into the affordability assessment.</p> <p>At least 3 bank statements are required and must:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Be genuine and belong to the customer(s).</li> <li>2. Enable validation of the accuracy and authenticity of the income used with the affordability assessment.</li> <li>3. Be recent enough to provide assurance that the applicant is still in receipt of the income and the income used is up to date.</li> <li>4. Provide assurance that the applicant has a strong ability and willingness to repay, and validate (where possible) information declared by the applicant to ensure an appropriate and accurate affordability assessment is undertaken.</li> </ol> <p>If the bank statement(s) provided cannot satisfy the 4 principles, further bank statements and/or P60s must be obtained.</p>
NLI104	<p><b>Permanent Employment</b></p> <p>For customers new to LGHF / completing New Lending the following is required to verify employed income;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Latest 3 payslips.</li> <li>• Where payslips cannot be obtained an employer's reference can be accepted.</li> <li>• Where a customer is due to start a new job then the income can be used subject to; receiving a copy of the signed contract.</li> <li>• Any pay increase due within the next 3 months must be confirmed by the employer if used within the affordability calculation.</li> </ul>
NLI105	<p><b>Self Employed / LTD Company Director Income</b></p> <p>If the affordability assessment is done purely on the self-employed income these cases must be referred to an underwriter to check for type and sustainability of employment.</p> <p>All applications must be checked for the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Certainty that the company exists and is still trading.</li> <li>2. Confirmation of the applicants' current earnings from a source independent of the applicant or verified independently.</li> <li>3. The earnings are viably sustainable for the foreseeable future, considering past performance and future reasonability.</li> </ol> <p>See table on following page.</p>

	Accountants Reference	Personal Bank Statement	Business Bank Statement	Last 3 years SA302s Online with a tax overview	Company Search	Payslip	Employers reference (Produced by accountant)	Latest P60
Self Employed/ Partnership/ Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) – Accountant is on list of recognised accountants	✓	✓	✓					
Self Employed/ Partnership/ Ltd Liability Partnership (LLP) – Accountant <b>not</b> on list of recognised accountants	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Self Employed/ Partnership/ Ltd Liability Partnership (LLP) – Prepares own accounts or self-assess		✓	✓	✓				
Partner with minority shareholding eg. large law firm		✓		✓				
Limited Co. Directors (including salaried directors) min 20% Shareholding or <20% where income is derived from dividends- Accountant is on list of recognised accountants	✓	✓	✓		✓			
Ltd Co Directors (including salaried directors) min 20% Shareholding or <20% where income derived from dividends– Accountant not acceptable	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Salaried Directors <20% shareholding (no dividend or dividend not being used)		✓			✓	✓		
Employees of family companies		✓				✓	✓	✓

Acceptable Accountants Qualifications are:

- Institute of Chartered Accountants (FCA/ACA).
- Institute of Chartered Accountants (Scotland) – (FCAS/ACAS).
- Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA/FCCA).
- Chartered Institute of Public Finance Accountants (CIPFA).
- Institute of Company Accountants (ASCA/FSCA).
- Association of Authorised Public Accountants (FAPA/AAPA).
- Association of International Accountants (FIA/AIA).
- Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA).
- Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ireland (ICAI).
- Institute of Chartered Accountants Scotland (ICAS).

For self-employed customers the most recent SA302 and Tax Year Overview (TYO) cannot be older than 18 months. Where the TYO shows unpaid tax the income will not be accepted.

NLI106	<p>Self Employed Medical Professionals</p> <p>Where usual self-employed criteria cannot be met for Consultants/Doctors you can obtain:</p> <p>An Accountants letter (from suitably qualified Accountant) confirming minimum 12 months earnings or, Latest Tax Return documentation SA302 (Tax Calculation Summary) or, SA310 (Revenue Acknowledgement) plus Latest Tax Return.</p>
NLI107	<p>Fixed Term Contracting</p> <p>To verify the customers earnings who is on a fixed term contract the following is required;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A copy of the current contract.</li> <li>• A copy of the most recent bank statement.</li> <li>• To obtain a track record contracts or P60s can be used.</li> <li>• Latest 3 payslips.</li> </ul> <p>For a customer employed through an umbrella company then a 2-year track record, either through a reference or accounts should be supplied, which confirm forthcoming earnings.</p>
NLI108	<p>Contractor – non-fixed term</p> <p>Current and previous contracts covering the last 12-month period (2-year track record if less than 3 months remaining on current contract).</p>
NLI109	Customers current CV.
NLI110	PAYE/Umbrella Co: latest 3 payslips/invoices and latest 3 months personal bank statements.
NLI111	Limited Company: latest 3 months business bank statements and latest 3 months personal bank statement.
	Pension Income
NLI112	<p>Pension Income Assessment – Already in Receipt</p> <p>State Retirement Pension (SRP)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Department of Work and Pension (DWP) state pension letter issued within the last 12 months; OR</li> <li>• Latest 3 months bank statements identifying payment from DWP.</li> </ul> <p>Private/Company Pension and Annuities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Latest monthly pension payslip (no older than 2 months from the application date) OR</li> <li>• Latest 3 months bank statements evidencing the payment from the pension company with either:</li> </ul> <p>Pension statement, or:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pension payslip (no more than 12 months old – undated payslips are not acceptable), or</li> <li>• Pension letter, or</li> <li>• P60 (if not clear the P60 is related to the pension then a covering letter is required from the pension company/annuity provider).</li> </ul> <p>Pension Statements and Annuity Letters must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not be handwritten or amended.</li> <li>• Show applicant's name and address, which must match the application details.</li> <li>• Include pension company/annuity provider's name, address, telephone number and company registration number (if a limited company).</li> <li>• Be on headed paper or show company logo.</li> <li>• Show payment dates.</li> <li>• Cover a minimum of one month (5 consecutive weeks).</li> <li>• Show gross income.</li> <li>• Show net pay.</li> </ul> <p>Pension Statement for private/company and state pension must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Show regularity of payment.</li> <li>• Not be older than 12 months.</li> </ul> <p>Annuity Letters must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Show lump sum invested in fund.</li> <li>• Show end date if applicable.</li> <li>• Not be older than 12 months.</li> </ul>

NLI112 contd.	<p>For 'Income Drawdown/Flexible Drawdown' pensions additional documentation is required to confirm the value of the pension pot remaining. This documentation should be no older than 12 months.</p> <p>If the pension is fixed for life, eg. fixed term annuity, then a haircut is to be applied to allow for inflation on expenditure.</p>
NLI115	<p>Income from other sources</p> <p>Maintenance Payments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The income must be evidenced through a formal agreement. This should be one of the following: CSA agreement, Court order, Solicitors Letter or Consent Order.</li> <li>• The latest bank statement to show evidence of the income.</li> </ul> <p>Benefit Income</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The award letter will be required to evidence this income along with the latest bank statement evidencing the benefit credit.</li> </ul>
	Investment Income
NLI116	<p>Investment income Verification</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The latest two years' HMRC Tax Year Calculations plus the Tax Overview documentation (one copy of each piece of documentation is required for each tax year).</li> <li>• The documentation may show a latest financial year up to 18 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.</li> <li>• Accountant's Certificate covering the most recent 2-year accounting period.</li> </ul> <p>And/or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Accountant's Certificate may show a latest financial year up to 15 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.</li> <li>• We will request the Certificate directly from the Accountant.</li> <li>• The latest year's figures should be used to determine income.</li> <li>• Latest financial year should be no older than 12 months at the date of application.</li> <li>• Three months' personal bank statements may be required in other circumstances.</li> </ul> <p>Dividend income where the applicant is retired</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The latest two years' HMRC Tax Year Calculations plus the Tax Overview documentation (one copy of each piece of documentation is required for each tax year).</li> <li>• The documentation may show a latest financial year up to 18 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.</li> <li>• Accountant's Certificate covering the most recent 2-year accounting period.</li> </ul> <p>And/or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Accountant's Certificate may show a latest financial year up to 15 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.</li> <li>• We will request the Certificate directly from the Accountant.</li> <li>• The latest year's figures should be used to determine income.</li> <li>• Latest financial year should be no older than 12 months at the date of application.</li> <li>• Three months' personal bank statements may be required in other circumstances.</li> </ul> <p>Rental Income from Property Investments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rental income – from mortgage free properties</li> <li>• Latest 3 months' bank statements or you can use a statement/letter from an Association of Residential Lettings Agents (ARLA) registered letting agent if this shows a breakdown of payments received, evidencing the latest three months' net rental payments.</li> <li>• Rental income must be paid by Direct Debit/Standing Order.</li> <li>• SA302 and TYO for past 2 years showing income from Land and Property.</li> </ul> <p>Rental Income – from mortgaged properties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rental income from short term or holiday lets, "rent a room" lodgers or foreign property is unacceptable.</li> <li>• Rental income – letting business with mortgage.</li> <li>• The last 2 years' income figures via an accountant's certificate covering the applicant's share of net profit, or HMRC tax assessments are required.</li> </ul>

## 11.2 Expenditure Verification

Code	Standards
NLI117	For Committed Personal expenditure, the information provided by the applicant can be used within the affordability assessment, unless a common-sense view, or additional information challenges the accuracy of the declared information.

## 12. Security

Code	Policy
NLI201	The security must be of an acceptable construction type.
NLI202	A fully enforceable first legal charge must be granted to LGHF.
NLI203	Building insurance is mandatory on all mortgaged properties.
Code	Standards
	Properties
NLI204	Properties over 10 acres may be referred but will be subject to valuer's comments, confirmation that there are no restrictions and confirmation of the type of land and usage.
NLI205	Where properties exceed 5 acres, we will only consider the value of the house and immediate garden area, but the entire plot will be charged.
NLI206	Properties with the benefit of land with planning permission for a separate dwelling must be valued based on what the property would be worth without the planning permission.
NLI207	Properties with ongoing/progressive structural movement are not acceptable.
NLI208	Properties that have been underpinned in the last 5 years are not acceptable.
NLI209	Properties that have been flooded within the last 5 years or where our flood risk data indicates a high risk of flooding.
NLI210	If the property is in a high flood risk area, as determined by the Environment Agency, or flooding of the surrounding area has occurred in the past 5 years, full buildings insurance cover with no endorsements or onerous conditions/excesses will be required.
NLI211	In situations where the applicants own adjoining land next to or near to the security address and this is registered as a separate title which will not be included in our charge, we will only consider lending provided that there are no restrictions to access into the property and no onerous restriction/covenants regarding the usage of either part of the land. The additional land will not be used as part of the valuation.
NLI212	Where the security address has shared access, it will not be considered if the access to the property is shared with or registered to another family member or registered on a separate title owned by the applicants. In circumstances where the applicant or their family own property or land adjacent to the security address, the access to the property needs to be unrestricted as mentioned above.
	The following properties are not acceptable for lending;
NLI213	Japanese Knotweed is acceptable if it is within 7 metres of the boundary, but more than 7 metres away from habitable spaces, conservatory and/or garage of the property.
NLI214	Properties with dry rot unless completely eradicated.
NLI215	Properties used for farming (arable or pastoral) providing any form of commercial income or having livestock* on the property (this includes Small Holdings) or where special licensing or local authority consent for non-residential use has been obtained. *Livestock includes any creature kept for the production of food, wool, skins, or fur, or for the purpose of its use in the farming of land.
NLI216	Annexes having additional separate services or being held on separate legal title are not acceptable. Annexes occupied by non-family members or sublet are not acceptable.



NLI217	Properties where more than 15% is a flying freehold.
NLI218	Ex MOD houses on a current MOD site or Housing Association properties forming part of a Ministry of Defence site.
NLI219	Grade I and Grade A (Scotland) Listed Buildings.
NLI220	Dwellings containing Mundic concrete (unless A1 Category Report Held) or High Alumina cement.
NLI221	Properties with onerous restrictive covenants (eg. agricultural ties).
NLI222	Prefabricated Reinforced Concrete (PRC) even if repaired or panels removed.
NLI223	Properties defective under the 1984 Housing Act.
NLI224	Properties held in Trust.
NLI225	Smallholdings.
NLI226	Caravans/Park Homes.
NLI227	Single skin, single storey up to a maximum of 20% (of exterior wall area) subject to valuer's comments. There must be no obvious signs of condensation, damp, or structural movement. Ultimately, the valuer needs to confirm that the construction will not have an impact on saleability and is suitable for mortgage purposes. In some parts of the country older properties may contain elements within a wall of single skin construction such as herringbone brick or wattle and daub in-fill of oak timber framing. Such properties should be considered on their merits, depending on the comments made by the Valuer.
NLI228	Properties subject to Equity Share Schemes.
NLI229	Large Panel Systems.
NLI230	All Bed-sits or Studio flats under 30m <sup>2</sup> .
NLI231	Thatched roof.
NLI232	Freehold Flats.
NLI233	Ex-local Authority Flats above 10 storeys' in height irrespective of the subject property's location.
NLI234	Flats above 5 storeys with no lift access where the subject property is located on the 4th floor or above.
NLI235	Flats not covered by Block buildings insurance.
NLI236	Properties where Spray-foam is present in the loft space.
NLI237	Liable to be subject to; clearance or compulsory purchase order.
NLI238	No kitchen unless installed prior to completion.
NLI239	Properties with restrictions in place that would affect future marketability and resale value.
NLI240	Loans secured against purchase timeshare accommodation.
NLI241	Shared ownership.
NLI242	Shared Equity.
NLI243	Steel framed built before 2001 or steel-clad properties.
NLI244	Properties deemed unacceptable by a valuer due to major restrictions to saleability or significant structural problems.
NLI245	Ex Local Authority, ex Housing Association or ex Ministry of Defence houses/bungalows/flats/maisonettes valued below £100k or where pre-emption conditions have not exceeded clawback period.
NLI246	Properties with water supplied by a Borehole/Spring/Well.

NLI247	Properties offering bed and breakfast facilities where no permanent changes have been made to the home may be acceptable security. Not including any business that employs others.
NLI248	Applicants keeping livestock/animals can be considered if these are kept for non-commercial purposes.
NLI249	Annexes with separate Council Tax banding and annexes sharing Council Tax banding can be acceptable subject to valuation and meeting other acceptability criteria, in particular – no separate services, shared access and less than 50% of the main property footprint. The annexe must be either empty at completion or occupied by a maximum of 2 family members, (more than 2 can be considered) or a contracted live-in carer, each of whom signs a Deed of Consent. The annexe must be part of the main legal title. On referral underwriters will consider the circumstances and follow existing rules on deed of consent. Annexes with separate Council Tax bandings should be highlighted to valuer (e.g., via a post valuation query) to assess any impact on value/saleability.
NLI250	Non-traditional construction where the Valuer advises it is widely mortgageable and has high market demand.
NLI251	Properties with >10 acres can be considered. Where properties exceed 5 acres, we will only consider the value of the house and the immediate garden area, the entire plot will be charged.
NLI252	Properties that have been underpinned 5+ years ago, works were completed under guarantees and there has been no further evidence of movement.
NLI253	Properties or land where a Sink Hole has occurred irrespective of whether the impact of that Sink Hole has been resolved may be considered.
NLI254	Timber framed dwellings built between 1900-1960 are not acceptable, before and after this period should be referred.
NLI255	Properties with non-standard utilities, ie. 2 kitchens.
NLI256	Grade 2 listed building/Grade C in Scotland.
NLI257	Grade2* and Grade B (Scotland) Listed Buildings may be considered.
NLI258	Property originally built with a flat roof (Except flats).
NLI259	Flat Roofed Property where more than 50% of the roof forms part of an extension.
NLI260	Flats above 5 storeys with no lift access where the property is below the 4th floor.
NLI261	Flats in blocks with more than 10 storeys in height where the flat is situated on the 10th floor or below (properties over 10 storeys can be referred).
NLI262	Studios must have a minimum internal measurement of 30m2 and a maximum value of £1,000,000. They must own their own bathroom and kitchen. The kitchen must be in the same room.
NLI263	Property where more then 50% of the total floor area forms part of an extension.
NLI264	External Wall Systems (Cladding) Residential Properties of any building 4 storeys and above that are constructed with a combustible External Wall System (Cladding) or any attachments such as balconies where there are specific concerns about fire safety must provide an EWS1 form. This referral is based on concern reported by the LGHF panel valuer. LGHF will require the rating to be either A1 or A2 to render the building fire safe, any other rating B1, A3 or B2 will be declined.
Insurance	
NLI265	Buildings Insurance must be in place that is sufficient to cover the reinstatement amount or if the property is part of a larger building and there is a common insurance policy in place, then the sum insured for the building must be at least that amount multiplied by the total number of flats in the building.
NLI266	Buildings Insurance must be in place under standard terms covering; fire, explosion, earthquake, storm, flood, escape of water or oil, subsidence, heave, landslip and malicious damage.
NLI267	Buildings Insurance must be accepted on normal terms with no endorsements or onerous conditions/excesses.

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### New Build Properties

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NLI268

A property that is occupied or transacted for the first time in its current state or converted within the last 2 years.

Additionally, if the property is occupied or transacted for the first time in its current state or converted within the last 6 years it should have either a warranty from LGHF approved list or a suitable Professional Consultants Certificate.

The professional consultants must confirm.

- they have visited the property during construction to check its progress, its conformity with drawings approved under building regulations and its conformity with drawings/instructions issued under the building contract,
- they will remain liable to the first purchasers and their lender and subsequent purchasers and lenders for the period of 6 years from the date of the certificate; confirmed on their indemnity cover,
- has appropriate qualifications and strong experience in the design and/or monitoring of the construction and conversion of residential buildings; and
- will keep a certain level of professional indemnity insurance in force to cover their liabilities under the certificate. The value of the property once completed; or £250,000 if employed directly by the borrower or, in any other case, £500,000. If we require a collateral warranty from any professional adviser, this will be stated specifically in the mortgage instructions.

Recognised Qualifications:

- fellow or member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (FRICS or MRICS); or
- fellow or member of the Institution of Structural Engineers (F.I.Struct.E or M.I.Struct.E); or
- fellow or member of the Chartered Institute of Building (FCIOB or MCIOB); or
- fellow or member of the Architecture and Surveying Institute (FASI or MASI) (only if in conjunction with a FCIOB or MCIOB qualification); or
- fellow or member of the Chartered Association of Building Engineers (C.Build E MCABE and C.Build E FCABE); or
- member of the Chartered Institute of Architectural Technologists (formerly British Institute of Architectural Technologists) (MCIAT); or
- architect registered with the Architects Registration Board (ARB). An architect must be registered with the Architects Registration Board, even if also a member of another institution, for example the Royal Institute of British Architects (RIBA); or
- fellow or member of the Institution of Civil Engineers (FICE or MICE).

Properties under 10 years old must have a New Build Warranty; the following have been deemed acceptable:

- NHBC.
- Premier Guarantee (including LABC Hallmark and LABC New Home Warranties).
- Building Life Plans Ltd.
- Checkmate.
- International Construction Warranties (ICW).
- Homeproof Warranties Ltd (formerly known as Aedis).
- Q Assure Build Ltd.
- Advantage HCl.
- Buildzone.
- Protek.
- Ark Insurance Group.
- One Guarantee.
- Global Home Warranties.
- ABC+ Warranty.
- Build Assure.

A new warranty provider can be considered for approval by sending details to the product team for review and progress to an application for assessment.

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Commercial Use at the Property

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NL1269	<p>For applications with a commercial use these will need to satisfy our requirements below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The property must be occupied and used exclusively by the applicant for their own business purpose.</li> <li>• The surveyor must be able to value the property on a residential basis ignoring any business use.</li> <li>• The property is capable of being sold as a standard residence without extensive modification and expense.</li> <li>• The surveyor must be aware of the full usage of the property at the time of instruction.</li> <li>• The property must be wholly or predominantly classified as residential under planning legislation.</li> </ul> <p>Any applications deemed to meet this criteria and progress to valuation may still be deemed unacceptable where the surveyor considers the commercial use to materially impact the marketability of our security.</p> <p>The underwriter should consider how easily the property could be converted back to a standard residential accommodation in the event of LGHF having to sell as a mortgagee in possession i.e., a home office should only require the removal of a desk/filing cabinet.</p>
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Property in proximity to a commercial business

NL1270

**Class E (formerly A1)**

**Use**

**Our guidance**

for the retail sale of goods other than hot food,

as a post office,

for the sale of tickets or as a travel agency,

for the sale of sandwiches or other cold food for consumption off the premises,

for hairdressing,

for the display of goods for sale,

for the hiring out of domestic or personal goods or articles,

for the reception of goods to be washed, cleaned or repaired.

Above/Below – Accept

Adjacent/Neighbouring – Accept

However, where the valuer considers the proximity of the commercial use would materially impact marketability of our security the application will be declined.

**Class E (formerly A2)**

**Use**

**Our guidance**

Financial Services.

Professional services (other than health or medical services).

Any other services which it is appropriate to provide in a shopping area.

Where the valuer considers the proximity of the commercial use would materially impact marketability of our security the application will be declined.

### Class E (formerly A3)

Use	Our guidance
Use for the sale of food or drink for consumption on the premises or of hot food for consumption off the premises.	The property must be in a desirable area with good demand, readily saleable and readily marketable.

### Class E (formerly B1)

Use	Our guidance
An office other than a use within former class A2 (financial and professional services).	Generally, acceptable where the commercial use of the premises below, adjacent or proximity to the subject property falls under the 'OFFICE' class. Where the commercial use of the premises below is a laboratory this is unacceptable.

NLI271	<p>Solar Panels</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Solar Panels are acceptable if owned outright by the customer. If the solar panels are leased the lease must comply with our minimum requirements. If the lease cannot be varied, LGHF can consider a side letter that addresses the areas of non-compliance with the UK Finance Guidance. The side letter must be addressed to Legal and General Home Finance and its successors. Whether owned or leased the valuer will need to confirm that the solar panels will not adversely affect the saleability of the property and other approvals.</li> <li>We require a copy of the Air Space Lease before the application can proceed. Our representative will check the lease complies with our requirements. If the lease does not meet our requirements the application will be declined.</li> </ul>
NLI272	<p>Retentions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We do not accept any cases with a Retention. However, Undertakings may, at the discretion of the Underwriter be considered where the works are considered non-essential. The applicants will have sufficient funds to carry out the works following completion and the nature of the works do not affect the structural integrity of the property.</li> <li>LGHF may require works to be carried out by suitably qualified contractors before Offer or Completion. In some instances, we may set out Offer conditions for the works to be carried out within an agreed period after completion.</li> <li>Where the Valuer confirms that essential repairs are required, no monies will be released until the essential repairs have been undertaken. Upon completion of the works, the applicant would need to provide evidence of the completed work, i.e. the schedule of works &amp;/or invoice &amp; guarantees provided. Alternatively, LGHF may instruct the Valuer to reinspect the property to confirm that the works have been carried out to the Valuer's satisfaction, confirm its suitability for mortgage purposes and provide a revised valuation figure where applicable.</li> <li>Where the Valuer confirms that specialist reports are required, we will require the applicant to arrange the reports at their own expense. The specialist reports will be sent to the Valuer for comment. Any repairs deemed essential must be carried out prior to funds release.</li> </ul>

## 13. Location/Tenure/Occupation

Code	Policy
NLI301	<p>England and Wales (Freehold, Leasehold).</p> <p>Mainland Scotland (Absolute Owner/Heritable Title &amp; Leasehold).</p>
Code	Standards
NLI302	<p>Lending in England, Mainland Scotland &amp; Wales is permitted.</p> <p>Lending in Northern Ireland is not permitted.</p>
NLI303	<p>Acceptable tenure:</p> <p>Leasehold, subject to;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Age of youngest borrower plus unexpired lease must be a minimum of 175 years. Where a case falls one year short of this requirement a Technical Underwriter can approve.</li> </ul>

NLI304	Good Leasehold Title will be considered but subject to solicitor's comments.
NLI305	If the borrower owns both the Freehold and Leasehold interests in the security, they should both be charged.
NLI306	Properties where service charge and ground rent combined exceeds 2.5% of property value are not allowed.
NLI307	Where service charge increases are calculated by another means, such as incremental multiplications, the amount of service charge due in 25 years should be no more than 2.5% of the current property value.
NLI308	Properties where resale fees exceed 3% of property value are not allowed.
NLI309	Heritable subject to; the property being in Scotland.
NLI310	Freehold, subject to; the property not being a flat.
NLI311	Commonhold properties are not acceptable.
	Occupation
NLI312	The applicants must be the same as those that are/will be on the Proprietorship Register held by HM Land Registry.
NLI313	A maximum of 2 registered parties is permissible.
NLI314	Where registered parties are removed from the title, we require satisfaction that the re-mortgage will include a permanent and financial separation of all interests.
NLI315	If the property is owned and occupied by two spouses or partners, the mortgage must be taken out on a joint basis. If it is only owned by one of them then the spouse / partner who is not on the title deeds will need legal advice and must be added to the title deeds and the mortgage.
NLI316	In order for a lodger to be acceptable, they must be taking one room in the property where the borrower also resides and sharing the facilities of the property.
NLI317	Lodgers must be advised to seek independent legal advice and sign a Deed of Consent.
NLI318	A maximum of two lodgers are permitted.
NLI319	Other adult occupiers (over the age of 17 at completion) living at the property who are not party to the mortgage are required to receive independent legal advice and sign a Deed of Consent to postpone any rights or interest in the property. Signing the Deed of Consent will be a condition of the loan offer. The adult occupier is not allowed to waive their right to independent legal advice.
NLI320	Live-in-carers are exempt from completing a deed of consent where they are from a company providing live-in-care services (providing short term rolling care only). Solicitor instructions include the recommendation that the occupier takes legal advice.
NLI321	Where underwriters are on notice that there may be additional occupiers who have not been declared on the application form, they should make enquiries and condition the Offer of Loan for completion of a Customer Declaration of No Additional Occupancy.
NLI322	In cases where a formal notification has been made that a person or persons has/have expressly asserted their rights over the property, be it in writing or verbally, the case cannot proceed to completion and will not be accepted.
NLI323	In Scotland, Deeds of Consent are not applicable as there are no rights of occupancy except in cases of matrimonial home rights.
NLI324	Where the occupant is a dependant of unsound mind the occupier's declaration may be signed on their behalf by a person holding Enduring Power of Attorney registered with the Court of Protection. Alternatively, we will consider removing this requirement if we have confirmation from the occupier's Doctor (GP) that they have no mental capacity to sign a Waiver and sight of a care plan indicating the arrangements that are in place following the death or long-term care of the borrower(s).
NLI325	Marital Status; it is not sufficient for a residing spouse to sign a Deed of Consent, they must be party to the loan.

## 14. Valuation

Code	Policy
NLI401	Every application must be supported by an acceptable valuation of the security by a panel valuer.
Code	Standards
NLI402	<p>The only acceptable valuations for new lending are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Internal inspection by a panel valuer.</li> </ul> <p>All details on the valuation report must be completed and the valuer must confirm the property is suitable security for LGHF.</p> <p>Where a customer has had a standard mortgage valuation already carried out in England and Wales this cannot be used for our Mortgage purposes.</p>

## 15. Existing Mortgage Customers

Code	Policy
	N/A
Code	Standards
NLI501	<p>Lending Source</p> <p>LGHF customers can apply for portability without using an intermediary if they apply through our Customer Contact Centre.</p> <p>Portability applications must be on an advised basis.</p>
	Lending Purpose
NLI502	Portability can be completed with other variations; additional loan, transfer of equity, account amend.
NLI503	Where a customer is being removed from the mortgage as part of the portability application the relevant form should be completed by the party being removed from the mortgage. Transfer of Equity standards can be found within the Account Amendments Lending Standards.
NLI504	Where a customer is new to LGHF and being added to the mortgage as part of the port they must meet new customer lending standards.
	Customer Verification
NLI505	When the original mortgage was opened, ID &V checks for all customers will have been completed and a record retained on file, to comply with the requirements of the Money Laundering Regulations Act 2007.
NLI506	Where a customer is completing new lending, checks must be made to verify all customers, party to the mortgage. This should be done by matching the signature(s) on the new lending application, to the signature(s) we already hold on file. This is a fraud check which helps ensure that all customers are fully aware of the application.
NLI507	If a signature cannot be matched or there is no signature on file, then up to date ID must be obtained that contains a matching signature, such as a passport or driving licence, so the customer can be verified.

## 16. Expiry Dates

Code	Standards	Expiry Point
NL1601	Standard	
	Mortgage Offer	90 days
	AIP Decision	90 days
	Application form and supporting verifications	90 days
	Standard Valuation	180 days

## 17. Policy Exceptions

Code	Existing Mortgage Customers
N/A	<p>Policy Exceptions – Only permitted in accordance with MCOB 11.6.3 and/or MCOB 11.7.</p> <p>Mandatory Standard Exceptions – Only permitted in accordance with MCOB 11.6.3 and/or MCOB 11.7.</p> <p>The following codes would need to be applied;</p> <p>MCOB 11.6.3 – Affordability rules.</p> <p>MCOB 11.7 – Transitional Arrangement rules.</p> <p>Standard Exceptions – Discretion to override, where an appropriate risk rationale exists.</p>

## 18. Glossary

Key Wordings/ Meanings	Definition
Borrower	A borrower is a customer of LGHF and is someone who we have lent money to.
Concessionary Purchase	You are buying a property at a discounted amount, therefore paying it less than the market value.
Diplomatic Immunity	Diplomatic immunity is a form of legal immunity that ensures diplomats are given safe passage and are considered not susceptible to lawsuit or prosecution under the host country's laws, although they can still be expelled.
Dividend Income	Distributions of earnings to shareholders that may be in the form of cash, stock, or property, within the UK dividends are taxed at a different amount.
Execution Only	Taking a mortgage out without receiving any advice from a qualified person .
External Appraisal (EA)	Also known as a drive by, a valuer will visit the outside of a property and with knowledge of the area provide a valuation of the property, they will not complete a full internal inspection of the property.
Guaranteed Income	This includes income that is received on a regular basis and forms part of a contractual arrangement between employer/employee, pension provider/pensioner.
LTV	Loan to value – the amount of money lent out to the customer against the market value of the property.
Mortgage Product	<p>The definition of a product is;</p> <p>A product is the item offered for sale. A product can be a service or an item. It can be physical or in virtual or cyber form. Every product is made at a cost and each is sold at a price. The price that can be charged depends on the market, the quality, the marketing and the segment that is targeted.</p> <p>In terms of a mortgage, we are offering to lend someone money, which is the service, a customer has to repay this back over a period of time; the amount paid back a certain point is determined by the rate of the product.</p>
Net Profit	Net profit, also referred to as the bottom line, net income, or net earnings is a measure of the profitability of a venture after accounting for all costs.



Payment Term	Payment Term means the period in which the customer must make Monthly Interest Payments.
Proof of Residency	Residency is where someone has lived; to provide proof means we must be able to see that the person has lived at the property address.
Remuneration	An amount of money paid to someone for the work that person has done. Reward for employment in the form of pay, salary, or wage, including allowances, benefits (such as company car, medical plan, and pension plan), bonuses, cash incentives, and monetary value of the non cash incentives.
Security	What we have lent our monies against, what is there to protect our monies being returned.
Sustainability	For us, it is the amount the customer declares as sustainable on the application form and which the customer believes they can reasonably expect to earn. Proof must be obtained to evidence this.
Transitional Arrangements	Term used to define MCOB 11.7 that allows customers to make changes to their mortgages where they may not meet a lender's current policy, but can meet other requirements set out in MCOB.
Umbrella Companies	<p>An umbrella company is a company that acts as an employer to agency contractors who work under a fixed term contract assignment, usually through a recruitment employment agency in the United Kingdom.</p> <p>An Umbrella Company will employ a person under an overarching Contract of Employment and will be responsible for raising invoices for the work that they do whilst on assignment, this means that they will not have the worry of setting up and running a company or appointing an accountant.</p> <p>It is worth noting that all Umbrella Companies are, effectively, controlled by the HMRC. All payments must be made through PAYE and HMRC also dictate which expenses they are allowed to claim. Therefore, the only difference in your take home pay should be the Umbrella Company's margin.</p>
Variable Income	This includes income where the amount and/or frequency of the income are not guaranteed.

